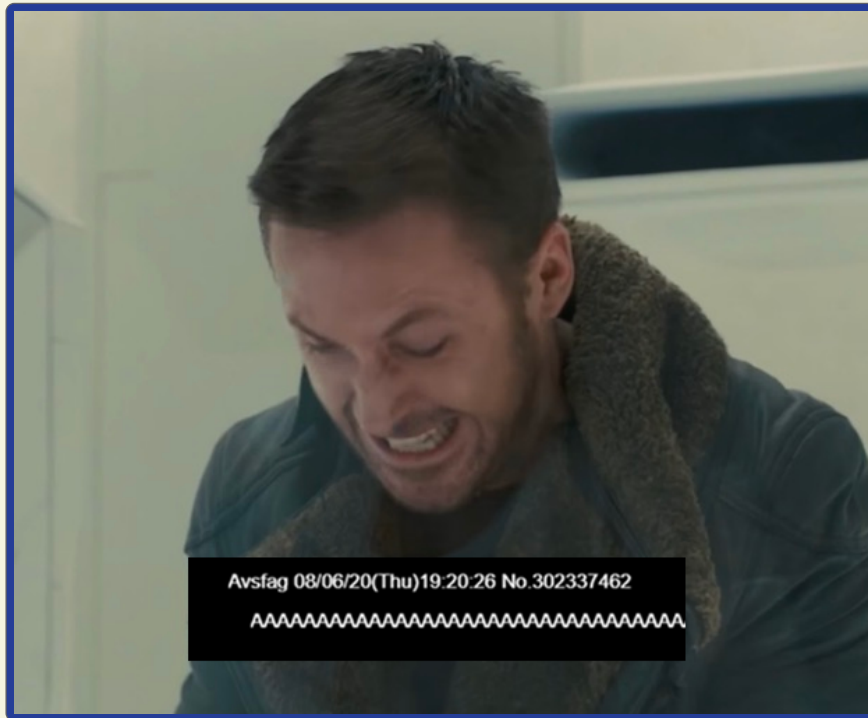


# /AIDG/ WRITING GUIDE



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# Introduction

*“I just wanted to play cops and robbers, game. Are you really gonna make me take my dick out again?”*

— Anon

Welcome to the /AIDG/ writing guide, written by Avsfag, with contributions from [special viewers like you](#). This guide is intended to be a living document, and updated as new information/updates come out, but more importantly: *it is not gospel*. It’s possible information in this guide is outdated or downright wrong — that’s the risk you run when you attempt to define the behavior of an unfinished application run by a highly-advanced AI. More importantly: this guide is about **writing for results**.

That said, I hope this guide is useful to you regardless of whether you’re off fighting werewolves or fucking them. I’ve had incredibly good results in my sessions with the AI, but make no mistake: it’s not like this guide will turn the Mormon’s machine into a full-fledged author. The AI will frequently get lost mid-sentence; it will forget characters; it will throw aliens at you when you’re expecting horses. It will always be a semi-retarded baboon, and if you can’t tolerate that, this guide is not for you.

*“The wolves fear the coomer mutant.”*

— Anon

Strap in, slip those pants off, and get comfy, because we’re going to get started.

First, pull up the game itself by visiting <https://play.aidungeon.io/> and making an account. An account will let you save your adventures, which will be important in cultivating a rich, immersive experience. Second, dispel the idea that if you follow this guide it’ll be a seamless process with perfect results. It will not be, and you will have to work to make your adventure fun and coherent. But if you write well and work with the AI, you will be heavily rewarded. Make no mistake, the AI can either be extremely good, or extremely bad. In order to steer the AI towards being extremely good, there’s some settings we first have to tweak before you get writing.

## 1.1 Randomness

Hamburger menu left side » Settings » Game Tab » Randomness

The randomness setting controls how random the AI will be when responding to user input. The higher this value, the higher degree of randomness. I have mine set between **0.8** and **1.2**. This is because the AI is already fairly random, and the less random, the better you’ll be able to steer it in your adventure. But you still want a bit of variety.

## 1.2 Length

Hamburger menu left side » Settings » Game Tab » Length

The length setting controls how much text the AI puts out per response. This value is its *maximum* word count (meaning it could also put out less than your maximum value). The higher this value, the more likely the AI is to lose track of things, and, depending on your randomness value, the higher the chance of a completely random/incoherent response. I have mine currently set to **69**. Tweak these values as needed, and keep in mind, the AI has a limited memory. This is especially important if you’re on Griffin.

## 1.3 Setup TL;DR

Set randomness between 0.8 - 1.3, and set length to whatever you please, keeping in mind the longer this value the higher the chance of random output.

*“I CANT STOP FUCKING  
SALAMANDERS”*

— Anon

Start a game » Hamburger menu right side » Edit Adventure » Scroll down » World info

World Info is a new mechanic in AID that allows you to create static (but player-editable) world information. For our purposes, we’re not going to use it just for world info, but for character information as well.

## 2.1 How is World Info Used for Writing Well

The AI listens for keys (think tags) in your input or its output. These keys have entries associated with them that will help guide the AI in making its response. This is essentially where you define character information like description, allegiance, personality, attitudes, behavior, age, and whatever you want to put here. You can also put setting info, plot details, etc, but we’re focusing on characters for now.

What I do first in a new game is define important characters with no less than three keys that are relevant to the character. In the “Entry” box you have limited text space (about 500 characters) to describe your character or setting, so try to match efficiency with beauty in defining everything you want the AI to know about your character. Because the AI is retarded, it’s best to be direct in describing the character, working in your keys into the entry box. Here’s an example of what a good character might look like:

### Anon, You, Boy

You are a 20-something-year-old human male, hailing from Larion. You’re tall and corded with muscle from years of hard manual labor on his family’s farm. You’ve got long brown hair and emerald-green eyes. Your parents passed away at a young age, leaving you in the care of your cruel aunt. You carry a silver dagger and an intense disdain for the undead. You hope to join a hunting guild one day. You call your faithful bloodhound **Landy**, which you are very fond of.

In the above example, notice:

- I am referring to Anon as “You” at the start of sentences to really drive it home to the AI that *these are Anon’s attributes*. Bad writing IRL? Yes. In AID? No
- I am trying to be brief, yet descriptive (characters are precious)

- Defining base character traits, or traits I want the AI to know about “You”

It’d also be important now to add a World Info entry for Anon’s (Your) dog, Landy, so the AI can associate Anon and Landy together and make cross-references. Make sure you talk about two character’s relationship if you reference another character in the World Info entry box (see above).

Having a World Info entry for yourself and important characters/settings is important in writing well, because it helps the AI put out more consistent responses for you to work with.

**Adding an entry for yourself is highly recommended, and continuously adding new entries for characters, locations, plot details etc., makes for a more consistent experience.**

## 2.2 World Info TL;DR

- Use no less than 3 keys per world info entry
- Write descriptively, yet efficiently, in the entry box. You have 500 characters to describe a character’s personality, characteristics, description, and relationships to other characters
- Add a world entry for yourself using “you” as one of the keys, then refer to yourself as you in that entry
- Have inter-linking world entries that reference each other
- Despite all of this, the AI will sometimes ignore your world info -- that’s where the real work of the writer begins

# Remember Pin

*“That requires self-restraint. As a coomer, I don’t have that”*

— Anon

Start a game » Above the input box » The thumbtack button (or type /remember)

The remember pin is a powerful tool because it’s permanent stuff the AI remembers, but the caveat is you only get about 1,000 characters. I treat the remember pin as a relatively dynamic place to store currently relevant information (meaning it’s going to change a lot).

For result-focused writing like we’re aiming for, my remember pin has two or more things in it at minimum:

1. Currently relevant information about characters that references that character’s World Info entry if possible.
2. Information about the current scene, with rich, albeit brief descriptions of the scene and which characters are in the scene, and what they’re doing.

See what I’m doing here? See how all these tools and static/dynamic data points reference each other? The remember pin helps you build a web of understanding for the AI, so it has as much rich prose/information to use when generating a response for you.

## 3.1 How to Write for the Remember Pin

Remember pin gives you a limited number of characters, so try to be descriptive without clutter, and for fuck sake, separate your entries into paragraphs, and be objective. Refrain from using “you” or “your” in the remember pin. Build the AI a self-referencing web of information for it to generate content out of.

### 3.1.1 Writing Currently Relevant Information

Think about the scene. What parameters about the scene’s World Info entries does the AI need to know to come up with a sane response? If your love interest Becky is currently on the swim team (and make sure that ends up in her World Info entry) and is about to start a race, you want to describe her *current* appearance, feelings, behavior etc. Her overall general appearance goes in world info, but her current look goes in the remember pin. For example:



Becky, Anon's 18-year-old girlfriend, is stripped down to her blue one piece swimsuit. She paces nervously at the edge of the pool, its lapping surface reflected in her goggles. Becky wears a blue swimming cap that holds back her auburn hair. Her heart speeds with excitement at the thought of racing against the girls from RichVille High.

*If you were a coomer it'd be appropriate to describe how her toned, pale ass swallows up her one piece swimsuit, how her sculpted breasts bulge against the rubbery-material, leaving little to the imagination, etc.*

This follows the same pattern from writing World Info in that you practically always begin the sentence with the subject, and then next sentence the subject's pronoun. The AI can get confused easily — in actual writing this is bad form, but when writing with the AI, you need to hold its hand like this.

### 3.1.2 Writing Current Scene Information

In a new paragraph, store *current* scene information. Expect to be changing this entry a lot as your story progresses, otherwise it'll confuse the AI. This is kinda similar to relevant information above, only this is less focused on the character's details and more focused on the current scene's information. Again, using the same style of drilling the subject into the AI's head, you should craft an *objective summary* of the scene. Using the swim team example from above, here's how that might look:

Anon is at PoorVille High School to cheer on his 18-year-old girlfriend Becky. Dressed exclusively in blue PoorVille gear, with a giant foam finger to boot, Anon watches Becky nervously pace around the pool. Girls from RichVille High strut arrogantly from the locker room, dressed down in their own golden one piece suits. He's doing his best to give Becky his full support. Anon wants Becky to win the race.

*Again, if you were a coomer, maybe say, shit like "Anon can't wait to bring Becky back behind the school and fuck her tight pussy in her one piece. His eyes flit toward Becky's slender legs, but are also drawn to the chests of the girls from RichVille."*

## 3.2 Remember Pin TL;DR

- Remember pin is for objective, largely dynamic (changing) information, with a larger character limit than World Info
- At minimum, remember pin should have two things in it:
  - Currently relevant information about the character(s) — their descriptions, feelings, current actions and behaviors, etc

- Current information about the scene — what’s happening, who is involved, what the possible outcomes, and what the character’s objectives are
- Throughout all of this, try to reference corroborating information in World Info
- Remember pin is information that will change often, so don’t forget to either clear it or modify it

*“Respecting women is addictive”*

— Anon

- The AI responds using GPT-3 models. The first response from the AI after the prompt is in GPT-2, but everything after uses GPT-3.
- According to the FAQ section, *The AI can only remember back 10 action-result pairs*. In order to keep the AI from forgetting things use World Info, the Remember Pin, and general writing advice.
- Remember pin is limited to 1,000 characters and World Info entries are limited to 500 characters

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Important note: AI Dungeon is always updating — this information is liable to change often.

# How to Write For Results

*“Got antsy to finish my coom  
sesh with a longer scenario and  
it turned to a quad  
murder/rape.”*

— Anon

Finally, I got to the fucking point, and at the fucking point is where I expect to lose 70% of you. Let’s get this out of the way first: if you want to get great responses from the AI, you have to treat the whole thing as a writing game/exercise. It is not a “mash enter and get gold” situation (though sometimes hitting enter is okay), and *the AI will only get you halfway there*. Expect to spend a lot of time re-rolling responses, editing the AI’s output, and writing in a specific style to create coherent, fun adventures.

Here’s a few things about the AI when it comes to user’s writing:

## **The AI rewards rich, detail-oriented writing**

If you can write well already, you’re in luck. The AI likes it when you get really specific about things, from the look on a character’s face to the style and brand of shoes they’re wearing. That said, you’re still going to have to write in a specific style (covered below).

## **The AI likes to read things it already knows**

By this I mean the AI likes it when you reference things in World Info, the remember pin, and in the past 20 or so lines. Really drive home details and characters.

## **The AI has a short attention span**

Even if you’re writing with a focus and following the tips in this guide, the AI might forget your characters entirely, or mix up their pronouns/who is speaking. This is just how the AI behaves. Luckily, this guide + edit will help you keep the AI focused and on-track.

## 5.1 Starting Out and Guiding the AI

As you’re starting out with a scene, do two things: open up your mind to the possibilities of what might happen, and have a limit for what you’re going to *allow*. This will give you a guideline for how much control to exert over the AI, as well as room for the AI to throw out some interesting twists and responses. Let’s look at an example summary from an Anon in the thread before we deal with actual output:

>gentle slap my gf  
>AI makes her cry and scream for someone to come save her, while describing in detail how her skin was turning red and then purple

First, assess the outcome of the above scene in terms of your constraints for realism. This might be a totally acceptable response from the AI in your mind, and it might even click with your World Info. In that case, Godspeed you crazy bastard. But for many of us, this might be silly and nonsensical. You have a few options in guiding the AI:

1. Use the pencil icon to edit the AI's response and make it milder, and then use **Say**, **Do**, **Story** to respond to the AI and keep the plot/scene moving (recommended).
2. Counter the AI with **Story**. This could be something like:  
*You rub your eyes as if you were waking up from a bad nightmare. Stella's skin isn't changing color; it's as pale as it's always been. And she's not screaming, but she is crying, and somehow, that hurts you more.*  
 Just be prepared for the results.
3. Re-roll and hope for a saner response.
4. Hit **↵** and just roll with it.

The takeaway is that regardless of how carefully-crafted your World Info, remember pin, and settings are, the AI is still entirely capable of fucking shit up. Be ready to hold its hand.

## 5.2 General Style

You putting a leash on the AI is only half of your job. The other half is writing well, and writing in a way the AI can understand. Writing with rich details and explicitly referencing characters and locations/plot details involved in the scene (who have world info and remember pin entries) is the best way to get the AI to put out a response that falls in the realms of possibility (however you've defined those in the section above).

It breaks several writing conventions, but I've had GREAT results with the following formula:

**Say** You're deluded, **Dr. Evil**, if you think **me**, **Mommy**, **Goose**, and **Mormon** are going to let you escape your **cave of evil** without a fight!

**Do** I step to the side, dodging **Doctor Evil's** disintegration ray, and at the same time I draw my pistol and aim it squarely at **Doctor Evil's** chest.

**Story** Laughing maniacally the **evil doctor** fires his deadly disintegration beam right at **you**, **Mommy**, **Goose** and **Mormon**. **Mommy** and **Mormon** roll to the side and evade the beam, but **Goose** isn't fast enough — you watch helplessly as **Goose** glows bright red. A scream escapes his lips before he explodes into ash.

Notice how I've highlighted every character that has a World Info entry, and a scene location that it's in the remember pin? This gives the AI far more context. It's also good practice to effectively lead the AI along. Look at my `Story` example, and pay attention to what happens to Goose when he's hit with the beam:

*Goose glows bright red. A scream escapes his lips before he explodes into ash.*

This way the AI knows Goose dies, glowing bright red, and can add in its own flavor. Maybe Goose's ash comes together to form a new Goose? Maybe Mommy and Mormon have something to say about Goose dying? Give the AI some room here to keep you on your toes as well.

Also take note of how often I'm referring to the characters in the scene, which is pretty much every sentence. It's bad writing practice IRL, but good for the AI, as it will literally forget who is in the scene sometimes. This technique, combined with rich writing and hand-holding, produces a higher quality scene. And your imagination/threshold for bullshit is the limit for what can happen in AI Dungeon.

Remember: **In general, the more detailed and explicit your input, the better the story overall. You are telling a story, not playing a game.**

### 5.3 /Say

This is what you, your character is saying. Try to be explicit and natural in your dialogue, as if a real human were saying it, *with* the caveat that you should mention another character's name in the dialogue. Again, this is bad practice in actual writing, but in AI writing it's a good idea. Some bad dialogue that leaves the AI open to a ton of interpretation:

`Say` What's down there?

It's short and extremely open-ended. It gives the AI too much room for randomness and it doesn't know who you're trying to address. Most of all, it's just lazy. Instead, this was collected from the thread, and generated a great response from the AI:

`Say` **Emma**, how's the cargo looking? Everything secure?

This is so much better! It's natural sounding as far as objective critiques of dialogue are concerned, and what's more -- it narrows the AI's responses. The AI then knows its next response should detail the cargo and its status, and should involve Emma in some way. Emma probably has a World Info entry, and relevant scene information is present in the prompt and remember pin.<sup>1</sup>

I wouldn't edit a single thing out of the AI's response to this Anon's dialogue, nor would I re-roll. Instead I'd totally roll with it. It also doesn't hurt that this Anon has

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<sup>1</sup>[Here's](#) the AI's full response if you're interested

been explicit in his writing and in describing the setting and prompt. Remember, **the more detail the better.**

## 5.4 /Do

`[Do]` allows you to perform actions and directly impact the output. It's your arm ~~or die~~. It can take simple or robust input, and takes it in first person. When writing for results, this one is really up in the air — sometimes it's perfectly valid to say, "I smite the dragon." BUT, if you want to follow along with the pattern of having lengthy, fleshed-out scenes, you should write something that slows the pace of the AI down a bit. So instead of just telling the AI that its dragon is dead, try this:

`[Do]` I raise my silver longsword and aim its gleaming tip at the head of the **red dragon**, while beginning the incantation to summon a lightning bolt from heaven to smite the **dragon**. As I summon the lightning bolt, I say, "Your time has come, foul beast!"

This gives the AI enough information to know that:

- You have a gleaming silver longsword (maybe that's in World Info?) and you're pointing it at the dragon
- The dragon in this scene is red (and depending on your World Info, varies in size and behavior)
- There might be a lightning bolt in the next scene
- That you are speaking dialogue for the AI to deal with

Again, this is all part of our design pattern: guide the AI along, edit for clarity, and allow for slight, story-valid variation.

## 5.5 /Story

Your most powerful tool in your arsenal of actions, `[Story]` lets you control not just the scene, but the actions and dialogues of the characters in the scene. This action is incredibly useful for reacting input, or, more importantly, doing things that you don't think the AI is capable of appropriately describing on its own.

`[Story]` input should be in second person present tense, just like everything else (except for `[Do]`). When a scene is stalling out, or getting off the rails, use `[Story]` to correct course or progress it and set up characters so they either have input, or they reappear ([more on this later](#)).

Of all the actions, this one allows for the most freedom, so write it as you would write prose, with the caveat being you should beat the AI over the head with what character

is where, what they're saying, and what they're doing. If you want to make sure your scenes are rich and full of dialogue and action, follow my advice from the `[Do]` section and drag things out. Unless you want an action completed post-haste, try to stretch things out. For example:

`[Story]` Shower water cascades over your scarred up back, stinging your many cuts. With one hand against the wall, the other at your side, you spend at least 30 minutes in the shower reflecting on today's battle.

"How could Chad have been so reckless? Why did he charge in, instead of waiting for my backup?" you say, fighting sobs.

You miss **Chad**.

There's a knock at the bathroom door.

"Anon, are you okay in there? You've been in the shower for awhile."

**Rena**'s voice drifts to you through the mist, guiding your troubled mind back to reality.

`[↵]`

There's a lot to unpack here, so let's go over it:

- We'd use the remember pin and `[Story]` to establish that Anon (you) is in the shower after an intense battle, and he's wounded
- Giving Anon a posture — even in the shower — could be great bait for the AI to get into the nitty gritty of how you're standing, behaving, etc
- Telling the AI you've been in the shower for 30 minutes could color Rena (or Anon's) followup dialogue
- The self-dialogue is important because it will impact the way the AI handles our battle-scarred Anon
  - When appropriate, make sure you say "you say" as a dialogue tag. Feel free to add an action or something here, like "fighting sobs."
- Again, telling the AI you miss Chad lets it at least know Chad isn't in this scene, *but it keeps him in memory*. This is helpful in case the AI forgets Chad entirely (and if that happens see the [Q&A section](#) for advice)
- Writing Rena's voice as angelic colors her personality for you, and tells the AI she's probably going to be more caring in her behavior. Rena should hopefully have a World Info entry as well to help the AI
- Driving home that Anon is shaken up by saying he has a "troubled mind" will help the scene unfold a lot better
- Hitting `[↵]` at the end of a good `[Story]` hook, instead of using `[Story]` again, will prompt the AI to respond on its own to everything you've given it



Again, apply as much slowed down, rich scene detail as possible, as well as being direct with who you're talking to, and who is speaking, while cross-referencing the remember pin and World Info data. But also keep in mind: you're writing for your own enjoyment as well, so make it good. Make what you want to happen, happen.

## 5.6 Edit

“Hmm?” I ask, eyes closed in ecstasy.  
“I’m sorry,” he says and thrusts the knife into my chest repeatedly as I scream.

Edit is the pencil icon above your input box. It's extremely important you use this feature often, because the AI will very often get things wrong. No matter how explicit you're being, the AI will flip you the bird and do what it wants (but again, that depends on your tolerance for bullshit and what you had in mind for the scene). It's important that you clean up the AI's output as much as possible. This means fixing its grammar, spelling, making sure it's getting names right, that the right person is speaking with the right dialogue, etc. Fixing dialogue tags is especially important because shit can get off the rails really quick if your once chipper friend gets his dialogue mixed up with the evil wizard's.

I use edit to fix and clean up dialogue/grammar/whatever, but I also use it to **steer scenes**. A lot of the time you can have the AI give you a random response that seems entirely valid and logical until you get to the last line. With edit, you can correct the AI. This involves playing God a little bit, but sometimes you have to practically write the story yourself, and sometimes the story writes itself with you cleaning up after it.

## 5.7 Re-Roll

This is the button to the far right of your commands. It looks like a browser's refresh button. Basically if you're unhappy with the AI's output, refresh the AI's response for something new.

## 5.8 Redo

Lets you step back in the AI's response and memory. Did you fuck up big time and roll with it, only to find your waifu is canonically dead? Redo and use the edit button, king.

## 5.9 Getting Lewd (in progress)

I'm well aware many of you are playing this game just to get off. And that's perfectly fine — the AI has many uses beyond just stabbing you in the chest and goosing you. So let's take a closer look at how to use this writing guide to make this lewd.

### 5.9.1 Foreplay (Getting the AI to get lewd)

First you have to realize this thing can do practically anything you want it to do, and, if you properly use the tips in this writing guide, *so can you*.

**!!IMPORTANT:**

Hamburger Menu >> Settings >> Toggle "Safe Mode" off

Let's apply some of our writing tips, because no matter if you're slaying or laying a dragon, you need to master these skills:

1. Using [World Info](#)
2. Using [Remember Pin](#)
3. Using verbose and rich writing, repeating details and scenes to keep them in memory, and then writing the scenes so you don't end it too soon.
4. Giving the AI room to play around with
5. Heavy editing and guidance of the AI

I'll go over how these things apply to lewd scenarios. Let's start with World Info.

### 5.9.2 Lewd World Info

Basically this is the same information from the standard SFW but with a NSFW bend. So put a little more emphasis into physical descriptions, giving the AI some queues. Take Stacy for example. She's hot. But why is she hot? Maybe you write her World Info entry like this to describe her sexual features:

#### Stacy, Slut, Bitch

Stacy, with ass-length blonde hair that falls down like spools of gold, is a gorgeous, spunky college student, and the daughter of professor Grey. Stacy possesses slim, rounded shoulders and milky white skin. Stacy's breasts are her most prominent feature, sitting at a nice G-cup, adorned with two pink nipples. Her thin waist pinches inward and then bows out, further exaggerating her womanly curves. She's got a nice rounded butt that's well-supported by her thick, juicy thighs. Stacy loves to be spanked.

Obviously that's insanely basic, but here's the fun part: *you can put anything there*. Want to describe how Stacy's pee tastes? If she has pubes? Put that in there and gooooo.

### 5.9.3 Remember Pin for Lewd Scenes

Same deal with the SFW remember pin pretty much, only you should bend your writing towards being raunchy. Describe the scene details in explicit detail if you feel up to it. Describe the way Stacy's breasts strain against the fabric of her shirt, or how her plunge

neckline barely covers anything as she laughs and giggles at all of Anon’s jokes. Just take the remember pin advice from earlier, and make it lewder, especially as a sex scene starts to unfold.

### 5.9.4 Writing a Good Sex Scene

Writing a good sex scene with the AI requires all the skills you learned about above in the general writing guide, and for you to do one very, very important thing: slow the scene down.

See, you can really get the AI to get the hint and just start gobbling your cock with a bit of `[Story]` magic, but a good sex scene has tension, buildup, and creativity. The AI (like you) has a “hair trigger” for sex, and likes to describe an action or two, cum, and then Count Grey stabs you in the chest. But that’s not hot, nor is it satisfying to you.

Though it may read like ill-informed smut, start with flirting and foreplay with the AI. Treat it like you would a partner, or how your character would treat said AI in your given setting. Using a mix of `[Story]` and `[Do]` inputs, write carefully that you notice his or her World Info relevant sexual characteristics. So instead of just hugging Stacy, you:

`[Story]` You press your body up against Stacy’s wrapping your arms around her athletic frame. You can feel her heavy breasts squeezed up against your chest, and you’re ashamed to admit that you’re starting to feel a little turned on.

What I’ve done in the above example is highlight a few key scene details that signal to the AI that you’re feeling frisky, or want to do a secks with Stacy. Then the AI will spit out a response on Stacy’s behalf, and you roll from there, maybe using a `[Do]` to pinch Stacy’s butt playfully or something and try to move things along.

You get the idea. *Draw. Out. Everything.* And that includes the actual fucking too, and this is where you need to get creative and make heavy use of the editing tool, because like I said, the AI likes to cum quick and won’t even cuddle afterwards. How do you deal with this?

First, you need to dig deep into the shallow well of your creativity and find the naughty bits that you can use to describe sensory details. Put into `[Story]` the smell of sweat, the feel of her pussy engulfing your cock, the sounds you and Stacy are making, etc. Then use `[Do]` to start moving things around, slap her ass, pull her hair, etc, but fucking DESCRIBE everything. So if you use `[Do]` to spank Stacy, write some stuff in `[Do]` about how her ass jiggles when your palm snaps off it, how you hit her so hard that *your* palm actually hurts. That might look like this:

`[Do]` Pull my arm all the way back and wind up, and then, right as I feel Stacy’s tight pussy start to contract and convulse around my cock in orgasm, spank Stacy ass red.

And guess what champ? The AI will *heavily* reward you when you do stuff like this, and so will your boner and or vagina (pls be in London). The AI can go multiple rounds and so can you, but given the context of your story, should you? Maybe it's dangerous to fuck in the woods with a killer about. Maybe you and Stacy are nobles of rivaling kingdoms and your love is forbidden. Think about plot too, because the best smut isn't just mashing bits together — it's letting sex be the literal climax to the plot.

### 5.9.5 Making Sex Last Longer, and Making it Better

The AI will sometimes orgasm and try to move things along in like... three actions, which is absolutely no fun. So again, you have to get creative, and you also have to make use of the edit function a lot. Switch positions, describe the position to the AI with `[Story]`, do something lewd. Pause the sex to advance the plot with `[Say]` (this is a good one). Do stuff like that. And if the AI leads off a final sentence with: "I'm gonna..." then YANK your dick out of her, describing how it feels with `[Story]`, and then, in that same `[Story]` input, use dialogue tags to tell your AI waifu to beg for it.

Alongside using your writing skills to draw out scenes, make sure you keep referencing your partner's features to add sensory details (bonus points if your partner's features are also in World Info). And it doesn't always have to be her breasts or his dick — it can be their glacier-blue eyes or something like that.

Let me finish this section off by reiterating: you can make ANYTHING happen. You can fuck ANYTHING, in ANY WAY you want. Want to fuck a giant spider up its cloaca? You totally can, with the right kind of writing. Want to trap a fairy in a glass jar and take her to the local bukake bar? You sick fuck, that's possible, but disgusting. The better the setting and scenario, the more visceral the details, the better the scenes you get.

Just know the Mormon does have access to your logs, so don't do anything illegal.  
Happy fapping!<sup>2</sup>

## 5.10 Tips and Tricks

1. It's important to occasionally use `[Story]` and set the scene again — both for yourself and for the AI. Think of it like a scene summary. If you're in the middle of a boxing match, absolutely use `[Story]` to progress the scene and then recap a little of what's going on. Remind the AI.

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<sup>2</sup>For more details on maximizing the AI's potential for erotic content, read "[A Coomer's Guide to AI Deungeon](#)".

**Story** You bob and weave, ducking low as **Murphy**'s wild right hook flies just above your hairline. You're in the most intense boxing match of your life against **Murphy O'Neil**, the Irish heavyweight champion of the world. The crowd explodes with unrest as **Murphy** fails yet another attempt to knock you out in one punch as you step back from his blow.

2. Add in “feeler scenes” where you kind of lean back and really take in all of what’s happening to you in rich detail. You could do this with **Do** or **Story**. Just kind of regurgitate the scene and give the AI an opportunity to carry the scene next. Again, if you’re boxing against Murphy O’Neil, maybe use **Do** to say you look around at the crowd, you take in Murphy’s form and study it, reminding yourself of his dangerous right hook. This should be stuff the AI already knows or might have forgotten due to memory limitations.
3. Break up the flow with **Special Inputs**.
4. Periodically remind the AI of plot threads you’d like to see continued. The AI has a limited memory and will forget important or interesting plot threads within 10 actions.

**Say** I can’t believe I was almost kidnapped by the **man in black**. I hope he doesn’t find me here in this treehouse.

## 5.11 How to Write For Results TL;DR

- GIT GUD AT WRITING (seriously, you need to be a good writer first)
- Draw out each and every scene you can with enough detail to kill a horse. Don’t just eat the cookie — *take a hungry bite of it, savor the rich sweetness of the chocolate or the saltiness of the dough, sigh as your girlfriend places another one in front of you with a motherly smile on her face.*
- Beat the AI over the head with who is saying/doing what
- Break writing convention and mention another character’s name often in dialogue to keep them in the scene/AI’s memory

**Story** “Thank you for the sword, Charles,” you say, taking the sword.

- Edit the fucking shit out of the AI’s response and make sure you get the dialogue right
- Add in “feeler scenes” to recap what’s going on for the AI

- Re-roll utter bullshit responses
- Play a character with `Say` and `Do`
- Always try to reference World Info and remember pin data
- [Hold the AI's hand](#), but also let it have some breathing room. This guide is about telling a story, not mashing `↵`. *Sometimes shit doesn't work out for you.*

*“Why interact with family and friends, when the machine can simulate better ones?”*

— Anon

Special inputs are special, just like you :) They’re inputs that can make the AI do interesting stuff, like generate lists, summarize things, switch perspectives, and more. To invoke a special input (as far as I know), you use a `Story` command, and write something like this:

```
Story Anna’s POV:
```

To switch to Anna’s POV. Leave the colons in there as well. This will switch you to that character’s perspective, but be warned: you’ll have to switch back with a `Story` “Anon’s POV:” again, and even then, you’ll need to basically write the AI into remembering you’re Anon.

Here’s a few special inputs that people have found:

- `<character’s>` POV:
- `<character>`’s thoughts about `<subject>`
- `<character’s>` brain root directory:
- 2nd Person POV:
- Your POV:
- Credits:
- Epilogue:
- In loving memory of:
- Score:
- Deaths:
- Inventory:
- Items obtained:

- Imagine the smell:
- Summary:
- Achievement unlocked:
- The moral of the story is
- This scene had the following effects on you for the following reasons:

You can use special inputs in some really creative ways, besides just switching perspectives or getting funny results. For example, you can have the AI guide the story with an explicit, detailed list. To do this, use `[Story]`, and then describe something another character is doing that surmises the contents of the list. Cap off the first sentence with a colon (indicating a list), and then fill out the first entry of the list manually by holding `[↑] + [↵]` to enter in a line break without submitting your text to the AI. Add another dash to prompt the AI to fill it in using the context you provided it in the first sentence + listitem. An example from the thread:

`[Story]` Your **waifu** walks over to you and says, "What kind of sex do you want to make at me, **Anon**?" She suggests that you:  
 — Sneak out behind the school, and make love under the bleachers  
 —

You'll get similar responses in a list, which gives you the opportunity to respond to the AI with a `[Say]`: "Let's sneak out behind the school, and make love under the bleachers." You can also use these lists to have the AI recall important plot details or past actions, bringing them back into memory for the AI. You could `[Say]`:

"You think back to everything that's happened in the past hour:  
 — You were chased by a man in black, but managed to escape  
 —

And then, obviously, the same scene rules from the above sections apply.

## 6.1 More Verbose Special Input

This one was recently uncovered. By using `[Story]` and then writing "Description of x:" (x being whatever you'd like the AI to describe), you can get some really great outputs which will make your story much verbose, and will remind the AI of a ton of important details. Just look at this example:



**Description of Lenexa's architecture:** Lenexa is situated on a hilly terrain and its architecture reflects this, most buildings here are three-floor walkups. The city has stone buildings from the Iron Age (prior to your time). The architecture of the city is an old idiom of ziggurats (oblong shaped temples), mounds (the hilly terrain) and a type of earthwork ramparts called ramparts (you've never heard of them before).

The city has numerous old wooden buildings, some of which are only one story high and many of which have thatched roofs. They're old and in dire need of repair. The city also has a great number of old brick buildings which are rare due to the fact that they were only just starting to be built during your time and only in some of the richer areas of the city.

The city also has a high number of small narrow winding streets. These were made when the hill was built and were necessary to get around the ziggurats.

**Description of the clothing of passerbys on the streets of Lenexa:** Men wear tunics, robes or leather aprons over their clothing. Most women wear long dresses or tunics over their clothing. Some people wear cowls or hoods. Most of the clothing is in dull colours, though some aprons are brightly coloured and robes and tunics have colorful patterns. Most clothing is practical in nature, with tunics and robes having pockets and aprons and leather clothing having armour plating.

## 6.2 Special Inputs TL;DR

- Special inputs give you new ways to interact with the AI
- Use `[Story]` and a colon to start your special inputs
- Use special inputs and lists to have the AI summarize important plot threads to bring them back into memory

## Q&amp;A (in progress)

*“yfw you will never see a fairy  
take a bath in a glass of your  
cum”*

— Anon

**Question:** What do I do if the AI forgot a character?

**Answer:** If you don't have one already, create a **World Info** entry for them. Then you need to start writing them back into the scene. The AI has LITERALLY forgotten them, because its memory is limited.

**Story** is a great way to do this, but start giving that forgotten character more than just lines of dialogue. Remember, the AI has *forgotten* that character. You need to start weaving in their physical descriptions (coinciding with those in the World Info) into your prose, dialogue, the way they slouch, fuck, fight, etc. Expect to use the edit button a lot here, because the AI isn't going to remember Chad was loyal to you, and he's liable to murder you. If you're not okay with that, get used to playing God.

**Story** **You** and **Stacy** continue interrogating the demon, standing tall and proud against its menacing corporeal form. **You** try to puff out your chest and appear intimidating, just like **Chad**, the blond haired alpha male, would have. Though **Chad** is off rescuing a maiden, you can still feel his presence right besides you and **Stacy** as you stand before the hulking demon. **Chad**'s voice echoes in your head: “just be urself brah.”

**Question:** What if the response is ALMOST perfect?

**Answer:** Tweak it to make it perfect, this will only help your future responses.

**Question:** Hey, how can I get the AI to describe a character it introduces?

**Answer:** This can be done a number of ways. I highly recommend you start out with a **Do** command that says “I study X carefully, eyeing him/her up and down, pausing on each of their unique features to take them in for myself.”

This will make the AI generate some basic character description. That's when you take the reins with Edit and clean up its response, and then hammer home the character's description with a followup **Story** interaction/scene. If you like the character, add them to world info so the AI can take that into account.

**Question:** Have anons found success getting the AI to track and progress slow body changes?

**Answer, sourced from [here](#):** What you're expecting is pretty much beyond the AI's capabilities even now, but it is at least capable of DOING slow changes.

In my experiences, it's good at describing the changes using comparative terms (ie. "shorter than yesterday") but getting it to consistently output exact sizes or something like you seem to want would be much more difficult to do, although it's plausible that it could if you used the exact same format on a regular basis and did it constantly enough that the AI would remember and pick up on it

The main thing you should do, though, is definitely have a WI set up using a common term as the key - like "days pass" and/or "the next day" if the changes progress daily - if you're wanting the changes to be automatic, and then a brief description of what those changes are

What I like to do is have a second key that it chains into for "change, transform, transforming, etc" with a more detailed description of what I want all the changes to be, and possibly even an end-goal of when the transformation will be "complete," but while the AI does understand the idea of gradual change, it's been pretty difficult to get it to be consistent in scale so unless you directly specify body parts gaining/losing x inches per day and really hammer it in, you might end up with one bout of changes being "something looks different but you can't tell what" and the next one being hugely drastic, so be ready for that.

At the end of it all, you'll probably still need to use your imagination a little bit, but hopefully some of that helps.

**Question:** Who is Count Grey? Dendrin? Kyros? They keep showing up and derailing my adventure!

**Answer:** These recurring characters are liable to show up at least once in your adventure. They're likely due to the fact that the AI was trained on libraries worth of fanfiction, old texts, and other sources. Count Grey and his ilk are somewhere in there, watching... waiting... ready at a moment's notice to fuck your story up (seriously, if you run into any of these clowns it's highly recommended you edit them out or do something with them).

# Resources

*“Guys I’m getting raped and  
abused by a female dragon  
she’s cooking my cock and balls  
with her fire breath”*

— Anon

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## Ahrefs: Word Count

ahrefscount

Ahrefs. *Word Count*. URL: <https://www.wordcount.com/>.

Annotations: It counts words, characters, and a few other handy things, too. Excellent tool for seeing how long your stories are, or whether your Author’s Note is at 150 characters yet.

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## Avsfag: /AIDG/ Writing Guide v 1.0

avsfag2020org

Avsfag. */AIDG/ Writing Guide v 1.0*. 2020. URL: <https://docs.google.com/document/d/1wSz3xlWlqMLFKrLkr04dNWNZT1vxtrLmq2yGPJj2f4M/edit?usp=sharing>.

Annotations: The original, outdated Google Docs version of /AIDG/ Writing Guide.

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## Browne et al.: Self-Editing for Fiction Writers

browne2004

Renni Browne and Dave King. *Self-Editing for Fiction Writers. How to Edit Yourself Into Print*. 2nd ed. 2004. URL: <https://libgen.is/book/index.php?md5=378DC2ACDDFA931EAD042ABAD32943C4>.

Annotations: Read this if you want to learn how to write.

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## Manwhore: A Coomer’s Guide to AI Dungeon

manwhore2020

Manwhore. *A Coomer’s Guide to AI Dungeon*. Version 4. 2020. URL: <https://guide.aidg.club/A-Coomers-guide-to-AI-Dungeon/A%20Coomer's%20Guide%20to%20AI%20Dungeon.html>.

Annotations: The comprehensive, up-to-date erotic writing guide.

# Changelog

*“Anyone else have a permanent erection?”*

— Anon

- 26/11/2020 — Guide ported to LaTeX and converted to HTML. Updated formatting for stories and World Info examples.
- 17/08/2020 — update to [Resources](#) with a r\*ddit guide
- 12/08/2020 — minor changes to the [/Story](#). Added a new special input: “imagine the smell:”
- 11/08/2020 — big day: **moved the guide to version 1.0!** Added another Q&A about dealing with recurring characters. Started a new section in [How to Write For Results: Getting Lewd](#) (in progress). It’s in its first draft stage.
- 10/08/2020 - added subsection to [Special Inputs](#) about getting more verbose outputs using “description of x:”
- 8/08/2020 — new section added: [Important Technical Details](#). Added in a TL;DR for [Chapter 6](#), as well as a new example. Added a new entry for [Tips and Tricks](#)
  - Periodically remind the AI of plot threads you’d like to see continued
- 7/07/2020 — updated the [World Info](#), specifically changing the sample world info’s pronouns from “he” to “you” in response to overwhelming feedback from the thread. Added [Resources](#). Added [Special Inputs](#). Also added [additional tips and tricks](#):
  - Summarizing a scene for the AI
  - Adding feeler scenes
- 8/06/2020 — changed randomness output values to **0.8 - 1.2** in order to compensate for extreme AI variation

Important thing for me to add later (maybe a technical details section at the start? Use this to inform your writing)

<https://aidungeon.io/frequently-asked-questions/>

>”The AI can only remember back 10 action-result pairs so anything not in that window will be forgotten unless you remind the AI about it.”

<https://mobile.twitter.com/nickwalton00/status/1289974303757201408> (embed)

> "we limit the context to 1024 tokens"

> here's an explanation of what a GPT-3 "token" is:

<https://nostalgebraist.tumblr.com/post/189212709059/bpe-blues>

<https://nostalgebraist.tumblr.com/post/620663843893493761/bpe-blues>

> tl;dr: most words are represented as either a single token or two, so 1024 tokens should be between 500 and 1000 words.

> The first response uses GPT-2:

<https://twitter.com/nickwalton00/status/1289946861478936577> (embed)

To add: info Note to Avsfag.

The "taking in rich details" input rarely gives good results in Griffin and even if something nice comes out it's usually no more than sentence long.

Consider adding "Description of x:" to special inputs for people who want maximum immersion at minimal costs. Screenshot from Griffin story, all AI.